

Periodic Functions (Fourier Series)

Set $P =$ set of functions continuous functions $f: [-\pi, \pi] \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$
so that $f(-\pi) = f(\pi)$.

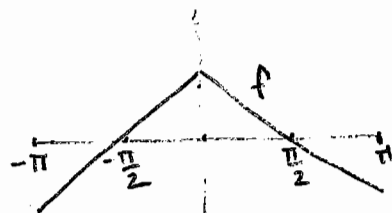
$\langle f, g \rangle := \int_{-\pi}^{\pi} f(x)g(x) dx$ is an inner product on P .

The set $\{1, \cos x, \cos 2x, \dots, \sin x, \sin 2x, \dots\}$
is an orthogonal set. For lengths we have.

$$\|1\| = \sqrt{2\pi}$$

$$\|\cos kx\| = \sqrt{\pi}$$

$$\|\sin kx\| = \sqrt{\pi}$$



Consider the periodic function $f(x) = \begin{cases} -(x - \frac{\pi}{2}) & 0 \leq x \leq \pi \\ f \text{ is even} \end{cases}$

* Clearly since f even, $\sin kx$ odd, we have

$$\langle f, \sin kx \rangle = 0. \quad \text{Also, } \langle f, 1 \rangle = 0$$

* To compute $\langle f, \cos kx \rangle = 2 \int_0^{\pi} -(x - \frac{\pi}{2}) \cos kx dx$, we

integrate by parts. $u = -(x - \frac{\pi}{2})$ $dv = \cos kx dx$
 $du = -dx$ $v = \frac{\sin kx}{k}$

$$\begin{aligned} \int_0^{\pi} -(x - \frac{\pi}{2}) \cos kx dx &= -\left(x - \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \frac{\sin kx}{k} \Big|_0^{\pi} + \int_0^{\pi} \frac{\sin kx}{k} dx \\ &= 0 + \int_0^{\pi} \frac{\sin kx}{k} dx = -\frac{\cos kx}{k^2} \Big|_0^{\pi} = \frac{1}{k^2} (1 - \cos \pi k) \\ &= \begin{cases} 2/k^2 & k \text{ odd} \\ 0 & k \text{ even} \end{cases} \end{aligned}$$

Use computer algebra program such as Maxima or Maple to graph

$$\frac{1}{\pi} \left(\frac{\cos x}{1^2} + \frac{\cos 3x}{3^2} + \frac{\cos 5x}{5^2} + \dots + \frac{\cos (2k+1)x}{(2k+1)^2} \right)$$

The length square of

$$\frac{4}{\pi} \left(\frac{\cos x}{1^2} + \frac{\cos 3x}{3^2} + \dots + \frac{\cos(2l+1)x}{(2l+1)^2} \right)$$

$$\text{is } \pi \cdot \left(\frac{4}{\pi} \right)^2 \left(\frac{1}{1^4} + \frac{1}{3^4} + \frac{1}{5^4} + \dots + \frac{1}{(2l+1)^4} \right)$$

The length square of f is $\langle f, f \rangle$

$$2 \int_{-0}^{\pi} \left(-\left(x - \frac{\pi}{2}\right) \right)^2 dx = \frac{1}{6} \pi^3.$$

Have

$$\frac{1}{6} \pi^3 = \frac{16}{\pi} \left(1 + \frac{1}{3^4} + \frac{1}{5^4} + \dots \right)$$

$$\frac{\pi^4}{96} = \left(1 + \frac{1}{3^4} + \frac{1}{5^4} + \frac{1}{7^4} + \frac{1}{9^4} + \dots \right)$$